



# Specification for TFT

AFY800480A1-5.0INTH

Revision H



A	Orient Display
FY	TFT Type
800480	Resolution 800 x 480
A1	Serial A1
5.0	5.0", Module Dimension 120.70 × 75.80 × 2.80 mm
I	IPS Display
N	Top: -20~+70°C; Tstr: -30~+80°C
T	Transmissive
H	High Brightness, 1000cd/m2
/	No Touch Panel
/	ST72568-G6-E8 OR COMPATIBLE
/	RGB interface



## REVISION RECORD

Rev No.	Rev date	Contents	Remarks
O	2019-11-14	First release	Preliminary
A	2019-12-02	Update TFT Module LCD Size.In Page 4	
B	2020-02-12	CHANGED TFT PIN DEFINE AND ADDEDCLABEL. In Page 4	
C	2020-02-12	CHANGED LCD AND IC	
D	2020-5-27	Update backlight current	Page 4
E	2020-08-17	Add RGB timing sequence before and after shoulder setting values	Page 12
F	2021-08-02	Update the CR value	Page 6
G	2022-3-4	Update POWER SUPPLY CURRENT	Page 4
H	2025-4-11	Update GENERAL INFORMATION Update ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS Update ETERNAL DIMENSIONS Update AC CHARACTERISTICS Update POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE	Page 4 Page 4 Page 5 Page 10 Page 13

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## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

No.	Item	Contents	Unit
1	LCD size	5.0 inch (Diagonal)	/
2	LCD type	IPS/Normally black/Transmissive	/
3	Viewing direction(eye)	Free	/
4	Gray scale inversion direction	-	/
5	Resolution(H*V)	800 *480 Pixels	/
6	Module size (L*W*H)	120.7×75.8×2.8	mm
7	Active area (L*W)	108.0*64.8	mm
8	Pixel pitch (L*W)	0.135(W)×0.135(H)	mm
9	Interface type	RGB interface	/
10	Module power consumption	TBD	W
11	Back light type	LED	/
12	Driver IC	ST72568-G6-E8 OR COMPATIBLE	/
13	Weight	50	g

## 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Power supply input voltage(TFT Module)	VDD	-0.3	4.0	V
Backlight current (normal temp.)	ILED	-	100	mA
Operation temperature	Top	-20	70	°C
Storage temperature	Tst	-30	80	°C
Humidity	RH	-	90%(Max60 °C)	RH

## 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### DC CHARACTERISTICS(at Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power supply input voltage(TFT Module)	VDD	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
I/O logic voltage	VDDIO	-	-	-	V	
Input voltage 'H' level	VIH	0.7VDDIO	-	VDDIO	V	
Input voltage 'L' level	VIL	VSS	-	0.3VDDIO	V	
Power supply current	IVDD	-	TBD	-	mA	
TFT gate on voltage	VGH	-	-	-	V	
TFT gate off voltage	VGL	-	-	-	V	
Analog power supply voltage	AVDD	-	-	-	V	
Differential input common mode voltage	Vcom	-2	0	0	V	

## 4. BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

### (at Ta=25°C,RH=60%)

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
LED forward voltage	VF	14.5	15.5	-	V	20mA/led
LED forward current	IF	-	80	-	mA	
LED power consumption	PLED	-	1.24	-	W	Note1
Number of LED	-		20		PCS	
Connection mode	-	5 in series 4 in parallel			/	
LED life-time	-	20000	-	-	Hrs	Note2

Note1 : Calculator value for reference : IF\*VF = PLED

Note2 : The LED life-time define as the estimated time to 50% degradation of initial brightness at Ta=25°C and IF =80mA. The LED lifetime could be decreased if operating IF is larger than 80mA.

## 5. ETERNAL DIMENSIONS

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ITEM 1  
DISPLAY TYPE  
RESOLUTION (H\*V)  
POLARIZER TYPE

ITEM 2  
PARAMETERS  
IPS/NORMALLY BLACK  
5.0" 800\*480 PIXELS  
TRANSMISSIVE

ITEM 3  
VIEWING DIRECTION  
OPERATION TEMPERATURE  
STORAGE TEMPERATURE

ITEM 4  
PARAMETERS  
FREE  
-20°C TO +70°C  
-30°C TO +80°C

ITEM 5  
PARAMETERS  
LCD OPERATING VOLTAGE  
LOGIC VOLTAGE(VDD)  
GREYSCALE SUPPORT

ITEM 6  
PARAMETERS  
IC  
BACKLIGHT  
CONNECTOR

PARAMETERS  
S172566-GE-E8 OR COMPATIBLE  
EDGE: WHITE  
ZIF

TFT PIN DEFINITION

PIN No.	SYMBOL
1	LEDK
2	LEDA
3	CS
4	VDD
5	R0
6	R1
7	R2
8	R3
9	R4
10	R5
11	R6
12	R7
13	G0
14	G1
15	G2
16	G3
17	G4
18	G5
19	G6
20	G7
21	B0
22	B1
23	B2
24	B3
25	B4
26	B5
27	B6
28	B7
29	GND
30	DCLK
31	DISP
32	HSYNC
33	VSNC
34	DE
35	SCL
36	SDA
37	XR(NC)
38	YD(NC)
39	XL(NC)
40	YU(NC)

5.0 inch  
800\*480 PIXELS

BACKLIGHT PRINTING CONTENT

LED-AFY800480A-5.0I  
YYMMDD

CONSTANT CURRENT: 80mA, 15.5V(REF.)  
BACKLIGHT DRIVER CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

ORIENT DISPLAY

REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE	3	4	5	6
D	CHANGE LCD AND IC AND P/N	APR-10-2025				
C	CHANGE LCD AND IC	JAN-14-2020				
B	CHANGED TFT PIN DEFINE AND ADDED LABEL	OCT-23-2019				
A	CHANGED FPC SIZE AND PIN DEFINE	SEP-27-2019				
0	FIRST ISSUE	APR-22-2019				

## 6. ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark	Note
Response time	Tr+ Tf	-	-	25	50	ms	FIG.1	Note 4
Contrast ratio	Cr		1000	1500	-	-	FIG.2	Note 1
Surface luminance	Lv	$\theta=0^\circ$	800	1000	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	FIG.2	Note 2
Luminance uniformity	Yu	$\theta=0^\circ$	75	80	-	%	FIG.2	Note 3
NTSC	-	$\theta=0^\circ$	55	60	-	%	FIG.2	Note 5
Viewing angle	$\theta$	$\phi=90^\circ$	70	80	-	deg	FIG.3	Note 6
		$\phi=270^\circ$	70	80	-	deg	FIG.3	
		$\phi=0^\circ$	70	80	-	deg	FIG.3	
		$\phi=180^\circ$	70	80	-	deg	FIG.3	
CIE (x,y) chromaticity	Red x	$\theta=0^\circ$ $\phi=0^\circ$ Ta=25°C	Typ -0.04	0.62	Typ +0.04	-	FIG.2 CIE1931	Note 5
	Red y			0.36		-		
	Green x			0.34		-		
	Green y			0.62		-		
	Blue x			0.15		-		
	Blue y			0.09		-		
	White x			0.32		-		
	White y			0.36		-		

### Note1.Definition of contrast ratio

Contrast ratio(Cr) is defined mathematically by the following formula.

For more information see FIG.2.

Contrast ratio=  $\frac{\text{Luminance measured when LCD on the "White" state}}{\text{Luminance measured when LCD on the "Black" state}}$

Measured at the center area of the LCD

### Note2.Definition of surface luminance

Surface luminance is the luminance with all pixels displaying white.

For more information see FIG.2.

Lv = Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels(P1,P2,P3, .....,Pn)

### Note3.Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity in surface luminance is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through n, and then dividing the maximum luminance of n points luminance by minimum luminance of n points luminance.For more information see FIG.2.

$Yu = \frac{\text{Minimum surface luminance with all white pixels (P1,P2,P3,.....,Pn)}}{\text{Maximum surface luminance with all white pixels (P1,P2,P3,.....,Pn)}}$

### Note4. Definition of response time

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black"state.Rise time (TON) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%.

And fall time (TOFF) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.

For additional information see FIG1.

### Note5. Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)

CIE (x,y) chromaticity,The x,y value is determined by screen active area center position P5.For more information see FIG.2.

### Note6. Definition of viewing angle

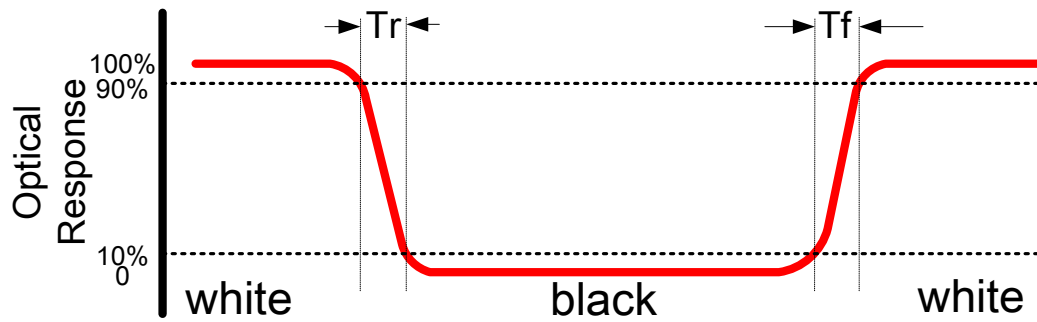
Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface.

For more information see FIG.3.

For viewing angle and response time testing, the testing data is base on Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope or DMS series Instruments or compatible. For contrast ratio, Surface Luminance, Luminance uniformity and CIE,the testing data is base on TOPCON's BM-5or BM-7 photo detector or compatible.

**Note:** For TFT module, Gray scale reverse occurs in the direction of panel viewing angle.

**FIG.1. The definition of response Time**



**FIG.2. Measuring method for contrast ratio, surface luminance, luminance uniformity, CIE (x,y) chromaticity**

Size :  $S \leq 5"$  (see Figure a)

A : 5 mm B : 5 mm

H,V : Active area

Light spot size  $\varnothing = 5\text{mm}$  (BM-5) or  $\varnothing = 7.7\text{mm}$  (BM-7) 50cm distance or compatible distance from the LCD surface to detector lens.

test spot position : see Figure a.

measurement instrument : TOPCON's luminance meter BM-5 or BM-7 or compatible (see Figure c).

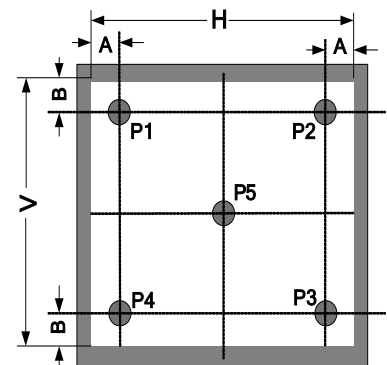


Figure a

Size :  $5" < S \leq 12.3"$  (see Figure b)

H,V : Active area

Light spot size  $\varnothing = 5\text{mm}$  (BM-5) or  $\varnothing = 7.7\text{mm}$  (BM-7) 50cm distance or compatible distance from the LCD surface to detector lens.

test spot position : see Figure b.

measurement instrument : TOPCON's luminance meter BM-5 or BM-7 or compatible (see Figure c).

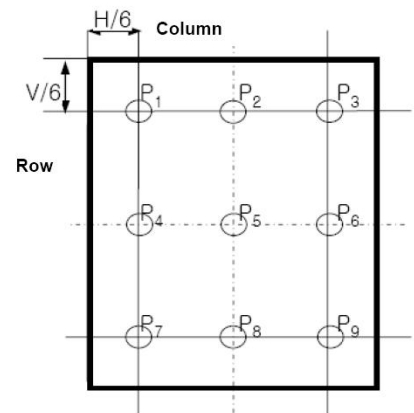


Figure b

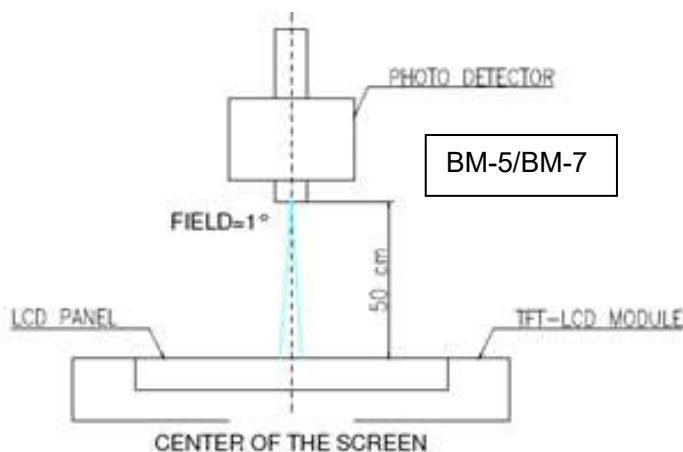
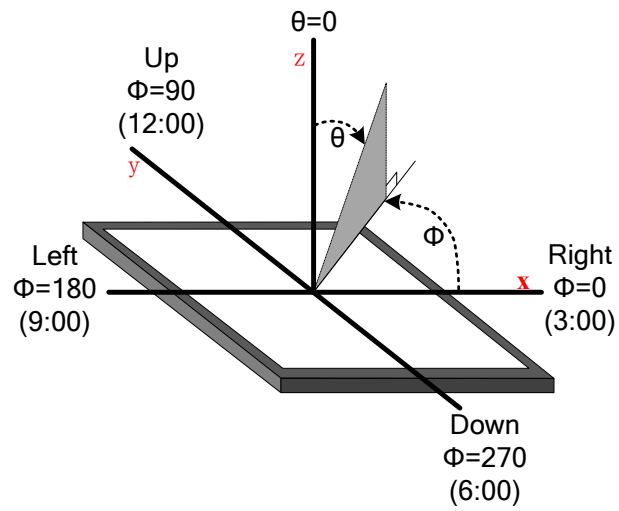


Figure c

**FIG.3. The definition of viewing angle**





## 7. INTERFACE DESCRIPTION

### TFT Module Interface description

1	LEDK	P	Power for LED backlight(Cathode)
2	LEDA	P	Power for LED backlight(Anode)
3	CS	I	Chip Selected signal When CS=0,the chip is enable.
4	VDD	P	Power for LCD
5-12	R0-R7	I	Red data Bus
13-20	G0-G7	I	Green data Bus
21-28	B0-B7	I	Blue data Bus
29	GND	P	Ground
30	DCLK	I	Dot clock
31	DISP	I	Set display mode. DISP=0:Standby mode. DISP=1:Normal display mode.
32	HSYNC	I	Horizontal sync input.
33	VSYNC	I	Vertical sync input
34	DE	I	Data enable
35	SCL	I	Serial Clock input Signal
36	SDA	I/O	Serial Data input Signal
37	XR/NC	/	No connected
38	YD/NC	/	No connected
39	XL/NC	/	No connected
40	YU/NC	/	No connected

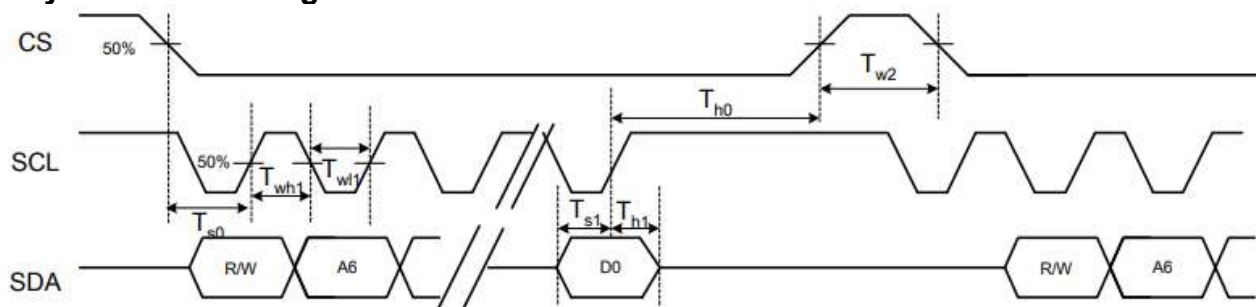
## 8. AC CHARACTERISTICS

AC Electrical Characteristics (PVDD=PVDD1=VDD=VDDI= 3.3V, AGND= 0V, TA=25 °C, Bare Chip)

### 8.1 System Operation AC Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
VDD Power Source Slew Time	TPOR	-	-	20	mS	From 0V to 99% VDD
GRB Pulse Width	tRSTW	10	50	-	uS	R=10Kohm, C=1uF
SD Output Stable Time	Tst	-	-	12	uS	Output settled within +20mV Loading = 6.8k+28.2pF.
GD Output Rise and Fall Time	Tgst	-	-	6	uS	Output settled (5%~95%), Loading = 4.7k+29.8pF

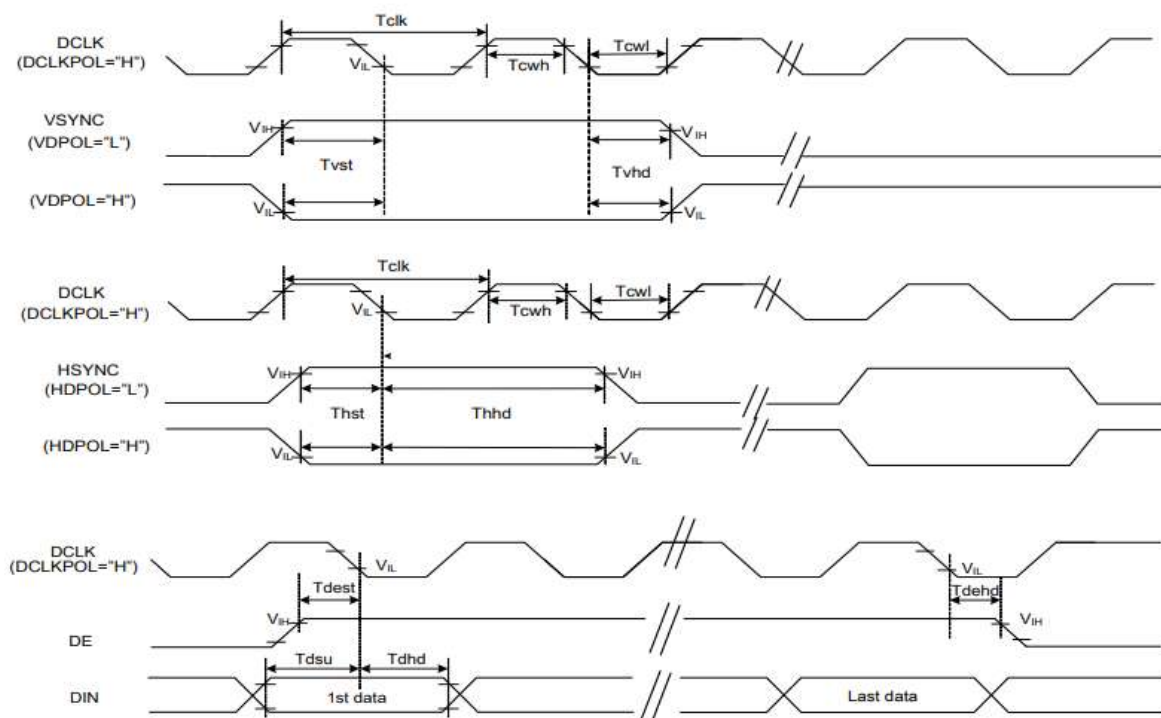
### 8.2 System Bus Timing for 3-Wire SPI Interface



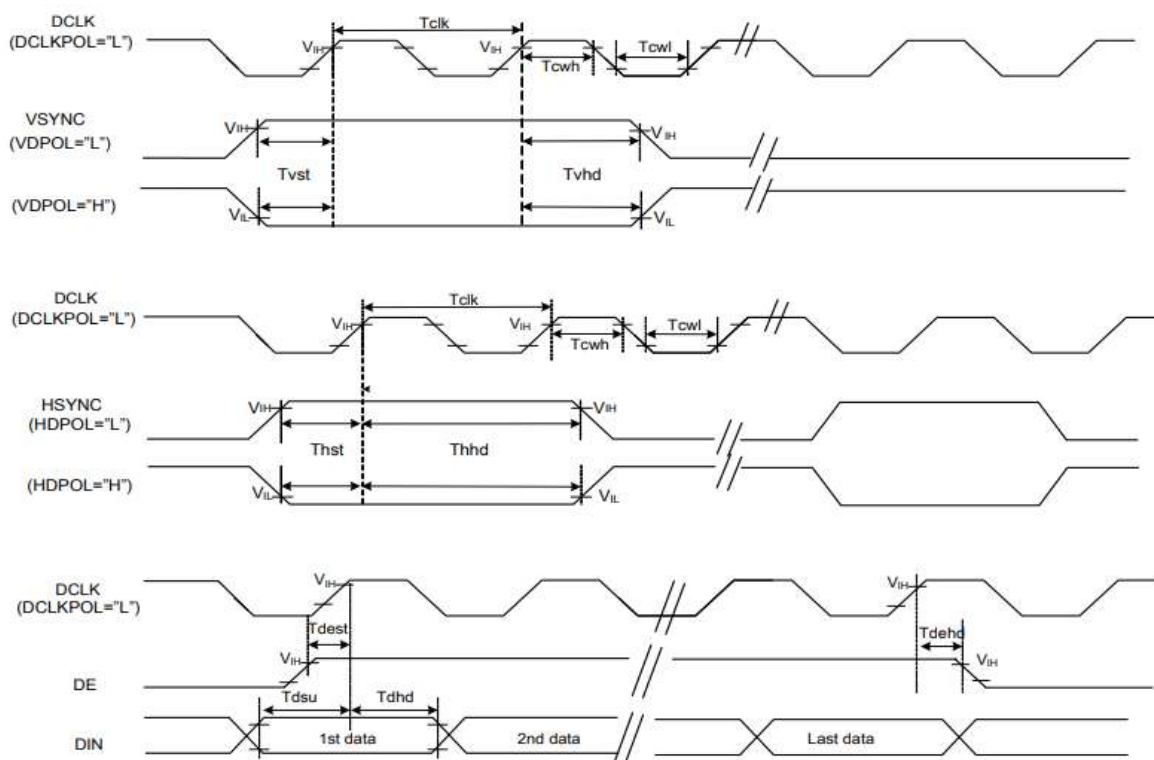
Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
CS Input Setup Time	Ts0	50	-	-	ns	
Serial Data Input Setup Time	Ts1	50	-	-	ns	
CS Input Hold Time	Th0	50	-	-	ns	
Serial Data Input Hold Time	Th1	50	-	-	ns	
SCL Write Pulse High Width	Twh1	50	-	-	ns	
SCL Write Pulse Low Width	Twl1	50	-	-	ns	
SCL Read Pulse High Width	Trh1	300			ns	
SCL Read Pulse Low Width	Trl1	300			ns	
CS Pulse High Width	Tpor	400	-	-	ns	

## 8.3 System Bus Timing for RGB Interface

### DCLK Negative Polarity (DCLKPOL="H")



### DCLK Positive Polarity (DCLKPOL="L")



Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
CLK Pulse Duty	Tcw	40	50	60	%	
VSYNC Setup Time	Tvst	10	-	-	ns	
VSYNC Hold Time	Tvhd	10	-	-	ns	
HSYNC Setup Time	Thst	10	-	-	ns	
HSYNC Hold Time	Thhd	10	-	-	ns	
Data Setup Time	Tdsu	10	-	-	ns	
Data Hold Time	Tdhd	10	-	-	ns	
DE Setup Time	Tdest	10	-	-	ns	
DE Hold Time	Tdehd	10	-	-	ns	

Parallel 24-bit RGB Input Timing (PVDD=VDD=VDDI= 3.3V, AGND= 0V, TA=25°C)

Parallel 24-bit RGB Interface Timing Table						
Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
DCLK Frequency	Fclk	23	25	27	MHz	
HSYNC	Period Time	Th	808	816	848	DCLK
	Display Period	Thdisp	800		DCLK	
	Back Porch	Thbp	4	8	24	DCLK
	Front Porch	Thfp	4	8	24	DCLK
	Pulse Width	Thw	2	4	8	DCLK
VSYNC	Period Time	Tv	496	512	528	HSYNC
	Display Period	Tvdisp	480		HSYNC	
	Back Porch	Tvbp	8	16	24	HSYNC
	Front Porch	Tvfp	8	16	24	HSYNC
	Pulse Width	Tvw	2	4	8	HSYNC

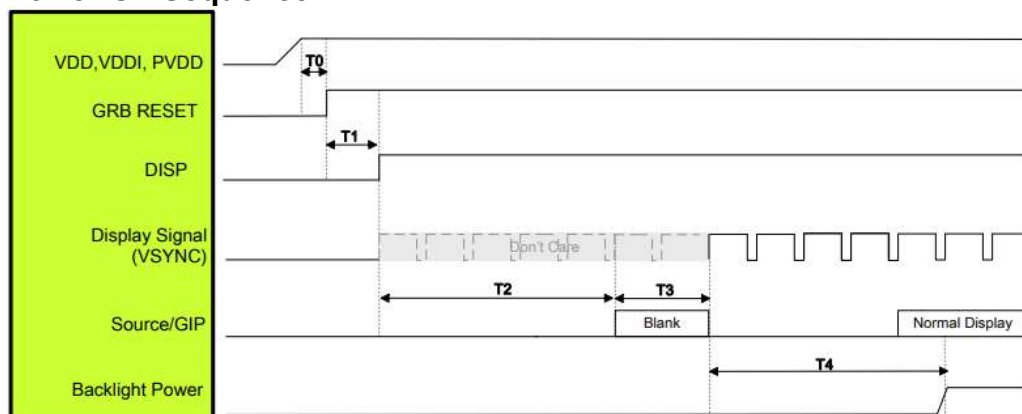
Note: 1. The minimum blanking time depends on the GIP timing of the panel specification

2. To ensure the compatibility of different panels, it is recommended to use the typical setting.

3. It is necessary to keep Tvbp =16 and Thbp =8 in sync mode. DE mode is unnecessary to keep it.

## 9. POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

### 9.1 Power On Sequence



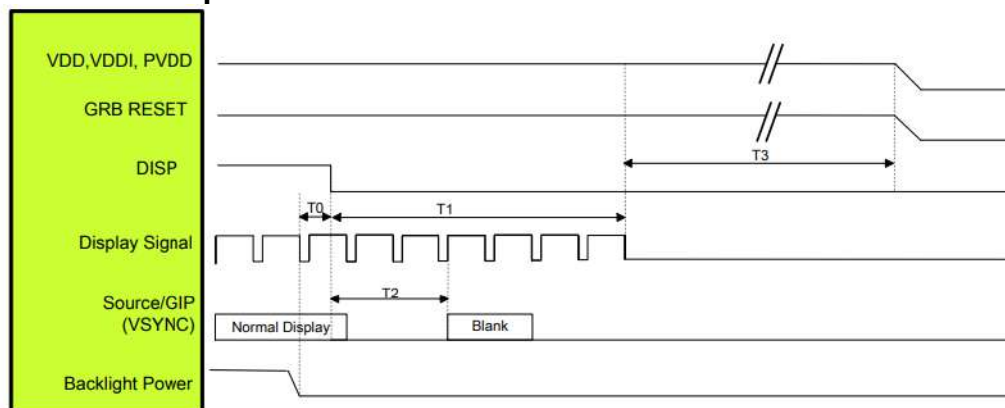
Symbol	Description	Time	Unit
T0	System power stability to GRB RESET signal	≥1	ms
T1	GRB RESET= "High" to DISP="High"	≥10	ms
T2	DISP="High" to Source/GIP scan blank	85	ms
T3	IC scan blanking signal	≥33	ms
T4	Display signal input to Backlight power on (base on Display Signal Frame Rate 60Hz)	≥100	ms

Note: 1. When DISP pull "H" or "L", IC will execute the internal power on or power off procedures. Please be careful about the timing of DISP and do not interrupt it during power on or power off procedure, otherwise unexpected errors will occur.

2. RGB interface Display signal: DCLK; VSYNC; HSYNC; DE; DR[7:0]; DG[7:0]; DB[7:0].

3. LVDS interface Display signal: DCLK P/N; RX[3:0] P/N

### 9.2 Power Off Sequence



Symbol	Description	Time	Unit
T0	Backlight Power off to DISP="Low"	≥1	ms
T1	DISP="Low" to IC internal voltage discharge complete	≥100	ms
T2	DISP="Low" to Source/GIP scan blank (base on Display Signal Frame Rate 60Hz)	≤50	ms
T3	IC internal voltage discharge is completed to VDD/VDDI/PVDD off	≥0	ms

Note: 1. When DISP pull "H" or "L", IC will execute the internal power on or power off procedures. Please be careful about the timing of DISP and do not interrupt it during power on or power off procedure, otherwise unexpected errors will occur.

2. RGB interface Display signal: DCLK; VSYNC; HSYNC; DE; DR[7:0]; DG[7:0]; DB[7:0].

3. LVDS interface Display signal: DCLK P/N; RX[3:0] P/N.

## 10. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITIONS

No.	Test item	Test condition	Inspection after test
10.1	High temperature storage	80±2°C/240 hours	Inspection after 2~4hours storage at room temperature, the sample shall be free from defects : 1.Current changing value before test and after test is 50% larger; 2. Function defect : Non-display,abnormal-di splay,missing lines, Short lines,ITO corrosion; 3.Visual defect : Air bubble in the LCD,Seal leak,Glass crack.
10.2	Low temperature storage	-30±2°C/240 hours	
10.3	High temperature operating	70±2°C/120 hours	
10.4	Low temperature operating	-20±2°C/120 hours	
10.5	Temperature cycle	-20±2°C~25°C~70±2°C*10cycles (30min.) (5min.) (30min.)	
10.6	Damp proof test	50°C*90% RH/120 hours	
10.7	Vibration test	Frequency : 10Hz~55Hz~10Hz Amplitude : 1.5mm , X , Y , Z direction for total 3hours (Packing condition)	
10.8	Dropping test	Drop to the ground from 1m height, one time, every side of carton. (Packing condition)	
10.9	ESD test	Voltage : ±8KV R : 330Ω C : 150pF Air discharge, 10time	

**Remark :**

- 1.The test samples should be applied to only one test item.
- 2.Sample size for each test item is 3~5pcs.
- 3.For damp proof test, Pure water(Resistance>10MΩ) should be used.
- 4.In case of malfunction defect caused by ESD damage, if it would be recovered to normal state after resetting, it would be judged as a good part.
- 5.EL evaluation should be excepted from reliability test with humidity and temperature: Some defects such as black spot/blemish can happen by natural chemical reaction with humidity and Fluorescence EL has.
- 6.Failure judgment criterion: Basic specification, Electrical characteristic, Mechanical characteristic, Optical characteristic.

## 11. INSPECTION CRITERION

### 11.1 Objective

The TFT test criterion are set to formalize TFT quality standards for ODNA with reference to those of the customer for inspection, release and acceptance of finished TFT products in order to guarantee the quality of TFT products required by the customer.

### 11.2. Scope

The criterion is applicable to all the TFT products manufactured by ODNA.

### 11.3. Equipment for Inspection

Electrical tester, electrical testing machines, vernier calipers, microscopes, magnifiers, anti-static wrist straps, finger cots, labels, tri-phase cold and hot shock machine, constant temperature and humidity chamber, backlight table, ovens for high-low temperature experiments, refrigerators, constant voltage power supply (DC), desk Lamps, etc.

### 11.4. Sampling Plan and Reference Standards

11.4.1 Sampling plan :

Refer to National Standard GB/T 2828.1---2012/ISO2859-1:1999, level II of normal levels :

**Major defect: AQL 0.4**

**Minor defect: AQL 1.0**

11.4.2 GB/T 2828.1---2012/ISO2859-1:1999 Sampling check procedure in count

11.4.3 GB/T 18910. Standard for LCM parts

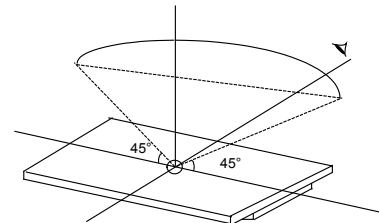
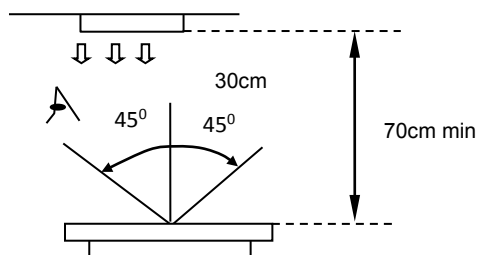
11.4.4 GB/T24213-2008 Basic Environmental Test Procedures for Electrical and Electronic Products

11.4.5 IPC-A-610E Acceptability of Electronic Assemblies

### 11.5. Inspection Conditions and Inspection Reference

11.5.1 Cosmetic inspection: shall be done normally at  $23\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$  of the ambient temperature and 45~75%RH of relative humidity, under the ambient luminance between 500lux~1000lux and at the distance of 30cm apart between the inspector's eyes and the LCD panel and normally in reflected light. For backlight LCM, cosmetic inspection shall be done under the ambient luminance less than 100lux with the backlight on.

12.5.2 The TFT shall be tested at the angle of  $45^{\circ}$  left and right and  $0-45^{\circ}$  top and bottom as the following picture showing:



#### 11.5.3 Definition of viewing area(VA)

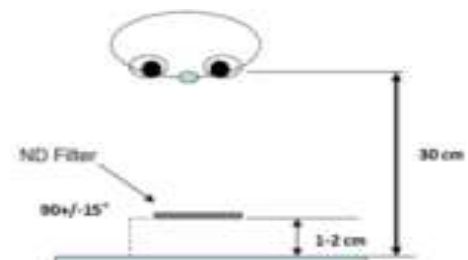
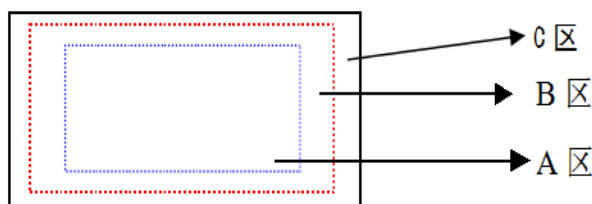
A area : Active area(AA area)

B area : Viewing area(VA area)

C area : Non-viewing area(not viewing after customer assembly)

If there is any appearance viewing defect which do not affect product quality and customer assembly in C area, it's accepted in generally.

The criteria apply to A and B area except chipping and crack.



11.5.4 Inspection with naked eyes(exclusive of the inspection of the physical dimensions of defects carried out with magnifiers)

11.5.5 ND card use instruction



11.5.6 Undefined items or other special items, refer to mutual agreement and limited sample. If criterion does not match product specifications/ technical requirement, both should be subject to special inspection criterion agreed by customer.









## 11.6. Defects and Acceptance Standards

### 11.6.1 Electrical properties test

11.6.1.1 Test voltage(V) : Refer to the instruction of testers and the product specification or drawing and the display content and parameters and display effects shall conform to the product specification and drawing.

11.6.1.2 Current Consumption(I) : Refer to approved product specifications or drawings.

11.6.1.3 Function items(Defect category : MA.)

No.	Defects	Descriptions	Pictures	Inspection method/tools	Defect category
11.6.1.3.1	No display /reaction	shows no picture/display in normal connected situation.		Naked eyes/ testers	MA.
11.6.1.3.2	Missing segment	Shows missing lines in normal display		Naked eyes/ testers	MA.
11.6.1.3.3	Sealing Defect	Shows defect in any display around LCD liquid crystal sealant area		Naked eyes/ testers	MA.
11.6.1.3.4	POL angle defect	Not accepted		Naked eyes/ testers	MA.
11.6.1.3.5	Image retention (sticking)	The previous picture stays in the next picture. Disappear time <10s, OK; time >10s, NG		Naked eyes/ testers	MA.
11.6.1.3.6	Flicker	Not accepted		Naked eyes/ testers	MA.
11.6.1.3.7	Display abnormal	Not accepted		Naked eyes/ testers	MA.
11.6.1.3.8	Cross-talk	Refer to limited sample		Naked eyes/ limited sample	MA.
11.6.1.3.9	Display dim/bright	Refer to limited sample	/	Naked eyes/ limited sample	MA.
11.6.1.3.10	Contrast	Refer to limited sample	/	Naked eyes/ limited sample	MA.
11.6.1.3.11	Huge current	Out of spec, not accepted	/	Ammeter	MA.
11.6.1.3.12	TP function defect	Not accepted	/	Naked eyes/ Touch/ test program	MA.

### 11.6.2 LCD dot/line defect

11.6.2.1 LCD pixel dot defect(defect category : MI.)

Item	Inspection criterion
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Item	Inspection criterion		
	Size	S<5"	5"≤S<10"      10"≤S<15"
Color pixel dot defect(RGB dot)		1	2      2
2 connected bright dot		0	1      1
3 connected bright dot or more		0	0      1
Bright dot quantity		1	2      3
Random dark dot quantity		2	3      4
2 connected dark dot		1	1      2
3 connected dark dot or more		0	0      0
Dark dot quantity		3	4      5
Multi-bright dot		ND 3%hidden, OK	

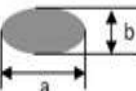

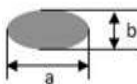
Remark: 2 bright dots distance DS≥15mm    2 dark dots distance DS≥5mm

1) Bright dot: Power on TFT and RGB dot in black display

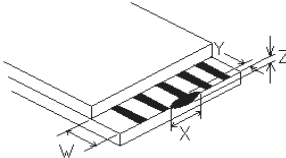
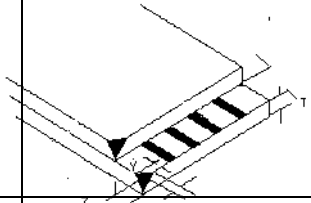
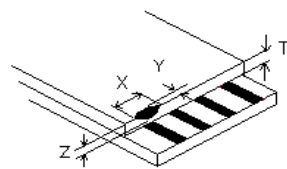
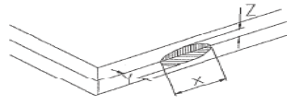
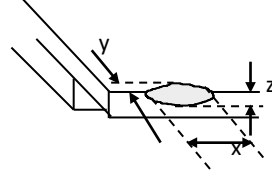
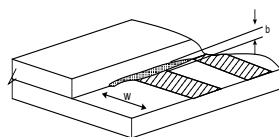
2) Dark dot: Power on TFT and gray or black dot in RGB display



3) Multi-bright dot: Power on TFT and fluorescent tiny dot in black display(only visible in black display)

#### 11.6.2.2 LCD appearance dot defect (defect category : MI.)

No.	Item	Inspection criterion				Picture	Inspection method/tools	
		Size	S<5"	5"≤S<10"	10"≤S<15"			
11.6.2.2.1	Dot defect (black dot, white dot)	D≤0.15	Not count	Not count	D≤0.2mm		Naked eyes /film card /magnifier	
		0.15<D≤0.25	3	3	Not count			
		0.25<D≤0.30	1	2	0.2~0.35mm			
		0.30<D≤0.35	0	1	Q'ty ≤ 4			
		0.35<D≤0.50	0	0	1			
		D>0.5	0	0	0			
	Remark : D≤0.15mm, not count.Multi-dot as bulk is not accepted. Count dot quantity≤ 5 2 round dots or linear dots in 1 cm is judged as multi-dot.							
11.6.2.2.2	Line defect (visible when power on)	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	S<5"	5"≤S<10"	10"≤S<15"		Naked eyes /film card /magnifier
		Not count	W≤0.03	Accepted	Accepted	Accepted		
		L≤5	0.03≤W<0.05	3	3	Not count		
		L≤5	0.05≤W<0.08	0	1	3		
		L≤8	0.05≤W<0.08	0	0	1		
		L>8	W>0.08	0				
	Remark : Invisible when power on,only visible in special angle against light, show as watermark/folding/scratch but can not be touched, no control or refer to keeping sample.							
11.6.2.2.3	Polarizer convex-concave dot defect, polarizer bubble defect	Size(mm)	S<5"	5"≤S<10"	10"≤S<15"		Naked eyes /film card /magnifier	
		D≤0.20	Not count	Not count	Not count			
		0.20<D≤0.5	2	2	3			
		0.50<D≤0.8	0	1				
		0.8<D≤1.5	0	0	1			
		D>1.5mm	0	0	0			

#### 11.6.3 Chipping defect

No.	Item	Accepted criterion(mm)				MA.	MI.
11.6.3.1	ITO conductive side 	X	/	$\leq 1/8L$	/		√
		Y	$Y \leq 1/6W$	$1/6W < Y \leq 1/4W$	$1/4W < Y$		
		Accept	2	2	0		
11.6.3.2	Corner chipping (ITO pins position)	X	/	$\leq 1/6L$	/		√
		Y	$Y \leq 1/2W$	$1/2W < Y \leq W$	$W < Y$		
		Accept	2	1	0		
		Corner chipping occurred in sealed edge position as per 6.3.3; at the same time it should not enter into black border of the frame and the corner chipping effect the electric connection position perform as per 6.3.1.					
11.6.3.3	Chipping in sealed area (outside chipping)   Chipping in sealed area (inside chipping) 	X	/	$\leq 1/8L$	/		√
		Y(outside chipping)	Not enter into sealant	Enter $Y \leq H$	$H < Y$		
		Y(inside chipping)		Enter $Y \leq 1/2H$	$1/2H < Y$		
		Z	$\leq T$	$\leq 1/2T$	/		
		Accept	2	1	0		
		The standards of inner and outer chipping on edge sealing area are same. When the chipping occurred in the opposite of stage, Y as per the chipping on the non-conduction side standard in 6.3.1					
11.6.3.4	Conductive side (back side chipping) 	X	/	$\leq 1/6L$	/		√
		Y	$Y \leq 1/3W$	$1/3W < Y \leq 2/3W$	$2/3W < Y$		
		Accept	2	2	0		
		Chipping into ITO side, refer to 6.3.1					
11.6.3.5	Protruding LCD poor cutting and LCD burrs 	X	/	$\leq 1/8L$	/		√
		Y	$\leq 1/6W$	$1/6W < Y \leq 1/5W$	$1/5W < Y$		
		Z	/	/	/		
		Accept	1	1	1		
		The outside protruding control as per the tolerance of drawing.					

11.6.3.6	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center; margin-right: 10px;"> Crack   </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> </div>	Not allow to occur cracks without direction; the crack expand to inside is NG, but to outside is OK (confirmed as per the damaged standard)		√
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Remark :

X means the length of chipping;

Y means the width;

Z means the thickness;

W means the step width of the two glasses;

H means the distance from the glass edge to the sealant inner edge;

T means glass thickness.

#### 11.6.4 Backlight components

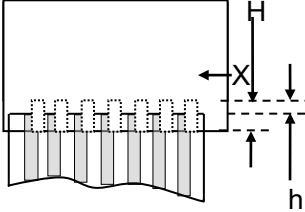
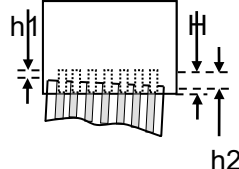
No.	Item	Description	Accepted criterion	MA.	MI.
11.6.4.1	No backlight wrong Color	/	Rejected	√	
11.6.4.2	Color deviation	When powered on, the LCD color differs from its sample and found that the color not conforming to the drawing after testing.	Refer to sample and drawing		√
11.6.4.3	Brightness deviation	When powered on, the LCD brightness differs from its sample and is found after testing not conforming to the drawing; or if it conforms to the drawing but the brightness over $\pm 40\%$ than its typical value.	Refer to sample and drawing		√
11.6.4.4	Uneven brightness	Uneven on the same LCD and out of the specification of the drawing. The no specification evenness= (the max value-the min value)/ mean value $< 70\%$ .	Refer to sample and drawing		√
11.6.4.5	Spot/line/ scratch	When power on, it has dirty spot, scratches and so on spot and line defects.	Refer to 6.2.2		√

#### 11.6.5 Metal frame (Metal Bezel)

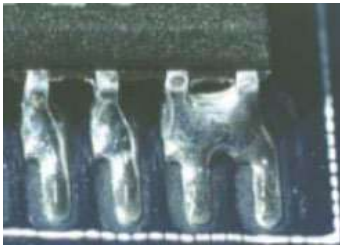
No.	Item	Description	Accepted criterion	MA.	MI.
11.6.5.1	Material & surface treatment	Metal frame/surface treatment do not conform to the specifications.	Rejected	√	
11.6.5.2	Tab twist Unconformity /Tab not twisted	Wrong twist method or direction and twist tabs are not twisted as required.	Rejected	√	
11.6.5.3	Bezel paint loss	1.Front surface : Paint peel off and scratch to the bottom Dot:D $\leq 0.5\text{mm}$ , exceeds 3; Line:L $\leq 3.0\text{mm}$ ,W $\leq 0.05\text{mm}$ exceeds 2; 2.Front dent, air bubble and side with paint peeling off scratch to the bottom Dot: D $\leq 1.0\text{mm}$ , exceeds 3; Line:L $\leq 3.0\text{mm}$ ,W $\leq 0.05\text{mm}$ , exceeds 2;	Rejected		√
11.6.5.4	Bezel scratch				√
11.6.5.5	Painting peel off, discoloration, dent, and scratch				√

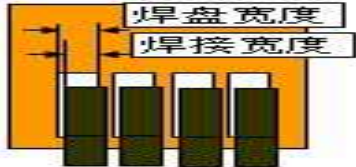
11.6.5.6	Burr	Burr(s) on metal bezel is so long as to get into viewing area.	Rejected		√
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#### 12.6.6 FPC




No.	Item	Description	Accepted criterion	MA.	MI.
11.6.6.1	Model & P/N	Material model & P/N	Keep the same with drawing and technical requirement	√	
11.6.6.2	Dimension/ position	<p>Dimension in drawing spec</p>  <p>Remark: H=ITO pin length f=FPC width W=ITO pin width</p>	<p><math>f \leq 1/3w</math>, <math>h \leq 1/3H</math>, dimension in drawing spec-&gt; OK Conductive material and ITO/PDA connective area must over than 1/2. Entire dimension must be in spec tolerance.</p> 		√
11.6.6.3	FPC appearance	Hot pressing material get broken, folding line open; FPC golden finger oxidate, broken ,scratch ,foreign material which cause line short	Broken length<2mm; FPC line is OK- > Accepted Crack and line broken->Rejected		√
11.6.6.4	FPC burr	Burr near FPC edge area	When cover line and burr length $\leq 1.0\text{mm}$ ->Accepted		√
11.6.6.5	FPC falling off	FPC bonding area falling off ; silica gel breaking	Rejected		√
11.6.6.6	Sealant missing ITO line	Sealant is not covered all ITO line	Rejected	√	
11.6.6.7	Missing sealant	No sealant	Rejected	√	
11.6.6.8	Sealant	Sealant height ->product total height	Rejected	√	

#### 11.6.7 SMT

No.	Item	Description	Accepted criterion	MA.	MI.
11.6.7.1	Soldering bridge	<p>Solder between adjacent pads and components</p> 	Rejected		√
11.6.7.2	Solder ball/splash	Solder ball/tin dross causing short circuit at the solder point. There are active solder ball and splash.	Rejected		√

11.6.7.3	Soldering excursion	Soldering slant > 1/3 soldering pad 	Rejected		√
11.6.7.4	Component wrong attaching	Component on PCB differs with drawing: wrong one, extra one, lack one, opposite polarity	Rejected	√	
		JUMP short circuit on PCB: extra soldering, lack soldering.	Rejected	√	
11.6.7.5	Component falling off	Soldering but component is missing	Rejected	√	
11.6.7.6	Wrong component	Component model/spec differs from product specification	Rejected	√	

#### 11.6.8 General Appearance

No.	Item	Description	Accepted criterion	MA.	MI.
11.6.8.1	Dimension	According to drawing	Accepted	√	
11.6.8.2	Surface stain	Defect mark or label are not removed residual glue, and finger print, etc;	Rejected		√
11.6.8.3	Assembly foreign material	Dot/linear stain after assembly backlight and diffuse film TP assembly foggy stain	Invisible when power on->OK Refer to 6.2.2 dot/line spec		√
11.6.8.4	Mixture	Different model product in the same shipment	Rejected	√	
11.6.8.5	Product mark	Missing, unclear, incorrect, or misplaced part	Rejected		√
11.6.8.6	Component mark	Silk screen mark clear, resistance measured value in spec	Accepted (Refer to customer special requirement)		√
11.6.8.7	Newton's rings	Area < 1/6 screen area quantity ≤ 1	Accepted		√
11.6.8.8	Mura	1. In black display ND 3% invisible -> OK; visible -> NG 2. Naked eyes inspection RGB display invisible Black display, area < 1/4 screen area	Refer to limited sample 		√
11.6.8.9	Light leak	1. LCD edge (near backlight) shadow by LCD lamps irregular illuminate 2. Judge in black/white/gray display (slight leaky is yellowish, greenish, blueish -> NG); Tape 浮起漏光  Panel 側邊漏光 	Refer to limited sample		√
11.6.8.10	Polarizer	1. Polarizer slant. Cover VA and not over	Accepted		√

		LCD edge 2.No unmovable stain or finger print in polarizer VA 3.Bubble/warped but not enter VA			
11.6.8.11	TP defect	1.TP crack 2.TP stain(fogy& unremovable) 3.TP glue overflow to VA	Rejected		√

Remark :

Anything which is not clearly defined in 6.5~6.8 should refer to IPC-A-610E.Consumer Electronics, Non-consumer Electronics refer to I grade and Industrial,Automobile refer to II grade.

## 11.7 Others

Items not specified in this document or released on compromise should be inspected with reference to mutual agreement and limit samples.

## 12. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

### 12.1 Mounting method

The LCD module consists of two thin glass plates with polarizes which easily be damaged. And since the module in so constructed as to be fixed by utilizing fitting holes in the printed circuit board.

Extreme care should be needed when handling the LCD modules.

### 12.2 Caution of LCD handling and cleaning

When cleaning the display surface, Use soft cloth with solvent [recommended below] and wipe lightly :

- .Isopropyl alcohol
- .Ethyl alcohol

Do not wipe the display surface with dry or hard materials that will damage the polarizer surface.

Do not use the following solvent :

- .Water
- .Aromatics

Do not wipe ITO pad area with the dry or hard materials that will damage the ITO patterns

Do not use the following solvent on the pad or prevent it from being contaminated :

- .Soldering flux
- .Chlorine (Cl) , Sulfur (S)

If goods were sent without being silicon coated on the pad, ITO patterns could be damaged due to the corrosion as time goes on.

If ITO corrosion happen by miss-handling or using some materials such as Chlorine (Cl), Sulfur (S) from customer, Responsibility is on customer.

### 12.3 Caution against static charge

The LCD module use C-MOS LSI drivers, so we recommended that you :

Connect any unused input terminal to Vdd or Vss, do not input any signals before power is turned on, and ground your body, work/assembly areas, assembly equipment to protect against static electricity.

### 12.4 Packing

Module employ LCD elements and must be treated as such.

- .Avoid intense shock and falls from a height.
- .To prevent modules from degradation, do not operate or store them exposed direct to sunshine or high temperature/humidity.

### 12.5 Caution for operation

●.It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage then the limit cause the shorter LCD life.

●.An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current drive should be avoided.

●.Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature then the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's how dark color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction or out of order with LCD's, which will come back in the specified operation temperature.

●.If the display area is pushed hard during operation, some font will be abnormally displayed but it resumes normal condition after turning off once.

●.A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit.

●.Usage under the maximum operating temperature, 50%Rh or less is required.

●.When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time,remnant image is likely to occur.

## 12.6 Storage

In the case of storing for a long period of time for instance, for years for the purpose or replacement use, the following ways are recommended.

- .Storing in an ambient temperature 10°C to 30°C, and in a relative humidity of 45% to 75%. Don't expose to sunlight or fluorescent light.
- .Storing in a polyethylene bag with the opening sealed so as not to enter fresh air outside in it . And with no desiccant.
- .Placing in a dark place where neither exposure to direct sunlight nor light's keeping the storage temperature range.
- .Storing with no touch on polarizer surface by the anything else.

It is recommended to store them as they have been contained in the inner container at the time of delivery from us.

## 12.7 Safety

- .It is recommendable to crash damaged or unnecessary LCD's into pieces and wash off liquid crystal by either of solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should be burned up later.
- .When any liquid leaked out of a damaged glass cell comes in contact with your hands, please wash it off well with soap and water.

## 13. PRECAUTION FOR USE

**13.1** A limit sample should be provided by the both parties on an occasion when the both parties agreed its necessity. Judgment by a limit sample shall take effect after the limit sample has been established and confirmed by the both parties.

**13.2** On the following occasions, the handing of problem should be decided through discussion and agreement between responsible of the both parties.

- .When a question is arisen in this specification.
- .When a new problem is arisen which is not specified in this specifications.
- .When an inspection specifications change or operating condition change in customer is reported to ODNA, and some problem is arisen in this specification due to the change.
- .When a new problem is arisen at the customer's operating set for sample evaluation in the customer site.

## 14. PACKING SPECIFICATION

Please consult our technical department for detail information.