

# **Specification for LCD Module**

# AFY240320A1-2.8INTH-C

**Revision H** 



А	Orient Display
FY	ТFT Туре
240320	Resolution 240 x 320
A1	Serial A1
2.8	2.8", Module Dimension 50.45 x 69.90 x 4.21mm
1	IPS Display
Ν	Top: -20~+70°C; Tstr: -30~+80°C
Т	Transmissive
Н	High Brightness, 900 nits
С	Capacitive Touch Panel
/	White Backlight
1	Controller ST7789VI or Compatible; CTP Controller
/	<u>ST1633 o</u> r Compatible
/	RGB/MCU/SPI Interface



# **REVISION RECORD**

Rev No.	Rev date	Contents	Remarks
0	2019-12-04	First release	Preliminary
А	2020-01-03	CHANGED LENS IN GAGE OF 6TH.	
В	2020-01-07	CHANGED LENS IN GAGE OF 6TH.	
С	2020-01-14	CHANGED CTP PIN DEFINE IN GAGE OF 5&8TH.	
D	2020-03-09	CHANGED PROTECTED FILM AND LENS V.A. Detial as in pages of 6 <sup>th</sup> .	
E	2020-6-24	Update BL CURRENT AND ADD Optical data	P4,P6
F	2020-07-23	Update EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS Change the pin4~pin5 definition	P5 P8
G	2020-08-14	Power supply input voltage Update EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS	P4 P5
н	2020-12-07	Update Interface type and Color Depth; Update ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS; Update TOUCH PANEL CHARACTERISTICS; Update ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS	P3 P4 P6

# CONTENTS

1. GENERAL INFORMATION	3
2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	3
3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	1
4. BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS	1
5. TOUCH PANEL CHARACTERISTICS	1
6. EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS	5
7. ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS	3
8. INTERFACE DESCRIPTION	3
9. AC CHARACTERISTICS	)
10. POWER SEQUENCE15	5
11. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITIONS 16	3
12. INSPECTION CRITERION	7
13. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS17	7
14. PRECAUTION FOR USE	3
15. PACKING SPECIFICATION	3
16. INITIALIZATION CODE	3
17. HSF COMPLIANCE	)

# **1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

No.	Item	Contents	Unit
1	LCD size	2.8 inch (Diagonal)	/
2	Display mode	IPS/Normally black/Transmissive/	/
3	Viewing direction(eye)	FREE	/
4	Gray scale inversion direction	-	/
5	Resolution(H*V)	240 *320 Pixels	/
6	Module size (L*W*H)	50.45*69.90*4.21	mm
7	Active area (L*W)	43.20*57.60	mm
8	Pixel pitch (L*W)	0.180*0.180	mm
9	Interface type	RGB/MCU/SPI interface	/
10	Color Depth	262K	/
11	Module power consumption	0.625	W
12	Back light type	LED	/
13	Driver IC	TFT ST7789VI or compatible CTP ST1633	/
14	Weight	TBD	g

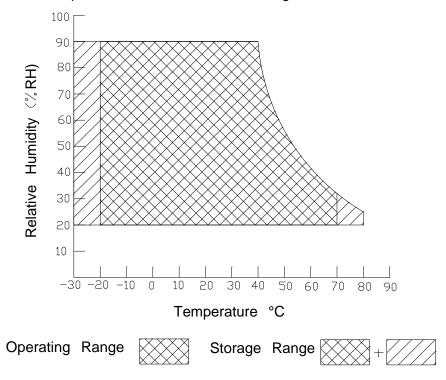
# 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power supply input voltage for TFT	VDD	-0.3	4.6	V	
Power supply input voltage for CTP	VCC	-0.3	3.6	V	
Backlight current (normal temp.)	ILED	-	125	mA	
Operation temperature	Тор	-20	+70	°C	Note1
Storage temperature	Tst	-30	+80	°C	Note1
Humidity	RH	-	90%	RH	Note1

Note1:

1). The relative humidity and temperature range are as below sketch, 90% RH Max.

2). The maximum wet bulb temperature  $\leq 40^{\circ}$ C and without dewing.



# **3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

## DC CHARACTERISTICS(at Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note		
Power supply input voltage	VCC	2.4	2.8	3.6	V			
I/O logic voltage	VDDIO	-	1.8	-	V			
Input voltage 'H' level	VIH	0.7VDDIO	-	VDDIO	V			
Input voltage 'L' level	VIL	VSS	-	0.3VDDIO	V			
Power supply current	IVDD	-	9	-	mA			
CTP DC CHARACTERISTICS(at Ta=25°C)								
Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note		
Power supply input voltage	VCC	2.8	3.3	3.6	V	Note2		
Input Power ripple	Vpp	-	-	50	mV			
I/O Signal Voltage	VCCIO	1.6	-	3.6	V	Note2		
Input voltage 'H' level	VIH	0.7VCCIO	-	VCCIO	V			
Input voltage 'L' level	VIL	VSS	-	0.3VCCIO	V			
Operating Current (Normal Mode)	IVCC	-	16.1	24	mA			
Operating Current (Sleep mode)	IVCC	-	-	-	mA			

Note2 : If you need more information of CTP, please refer to our Spec of CTP.

# 4. BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

(at Ta=25°C,RH=60%)

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
LED forward voltage	VF	5.8	6.0	6.4	V	
LED forward current	IF	-	100	-	mA	
LED power consumption	PLED	-	0.60	-	W	Note1
Number of LED	-		5		PCS	
Connection mode	-		5 in parallel		/	
LED life-time	-	-	30000	-	Hrs	Note2

Note1 : Calculator value for reference : IF\*VF = PLED

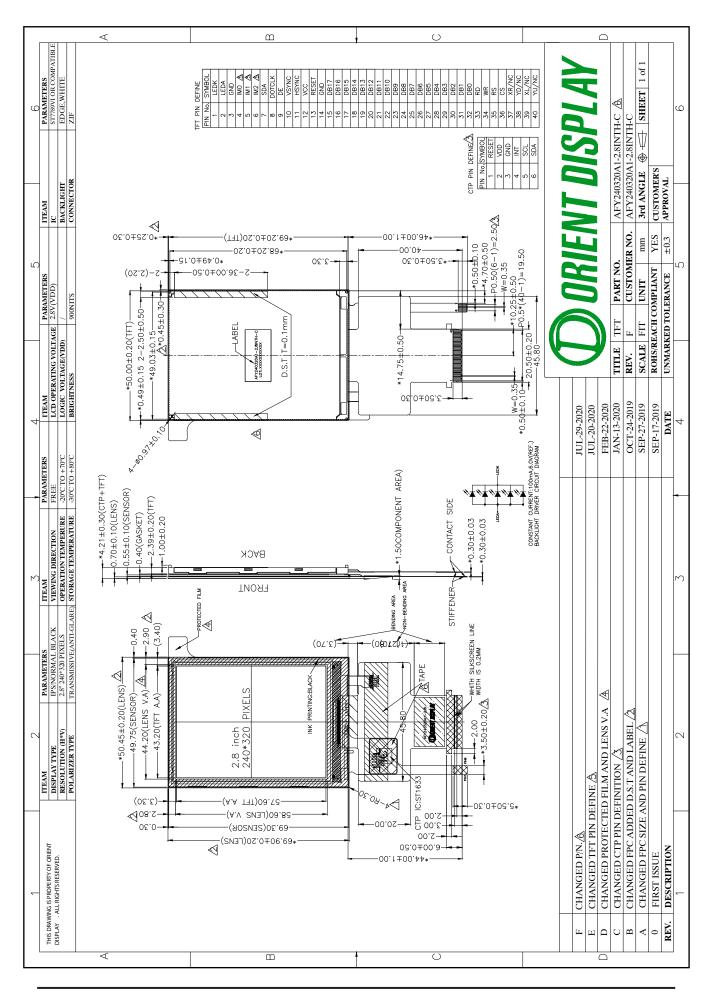
Note2 : The LED life-time define as the estimated time to 50% degradation of initial brightness at Ta= $25^{\circ}$ C and IF =100mA. The LED lifetime could be decreased if operating IF is larger than 100mA.

# **5. TOUCH PANEL CHARACTERISTICS**

## (at Ta=25°C)

Item	Description	Remark
ProductStructure	G+G	
Surface Hardness	≤6H	Pencil, Loading 500g, 45 deg
Ball-falling Test	≤60cm	Steel ball weight 64g
Touch Count Max	5 points	
I2C Slave Address*	0x70	
Origin of Coordinate*	top left corner	

# 6. EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS



Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	Note
Response time	Tr+ Tf		-	35	45	ms	FIG.1	Note 1
Contrast ratio	Cr	-	600	800	-	-	FIG.2	Note 2
Surface Iuminance	Lv	θ=0°	600	800	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	FIG.2	Note 3
Luminance uniformity	Yu	θ=0°	75	80	-	%	FIG.2	Note 4
NTSC	-	θ=0°	-	60	-	%	FIG.2	Note 5
	θ	Ø <b>=</b> 90°	70	80	-	deg	FIG.3	Note 6
		Ø <b>=</b> 270°	70	80	-	deg	FIG.3	
Viewing angle		Ø <b>=</b> 0°	70	80	-	deg	FIG.3	NOLE O
			Ø=180°	70	80	-	deg	FIG.3
	Red x			0.63		-		
	Red y			0.34		-		
	Green x	0.00		0.31		-		
CIE (x,y)	Green y	θ=0° ∅=0°	Тур	0.60	Тур	-	FIG.2	Note 5
chromaticity	Blue x	©=0 Ta=25°C	-0.04	0.15	+0.04	-	CIE1931	Note 5
	Blue y	10-20 0		0.05		-		
	White x			0.29		-		
	White y			0.30		-		

# 7. ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### Note1. Definition of response time

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time (T<sub>ON</sub>) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time (T<sub>OFF</sub>) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%. For additional information see FIG1.

#### Note2.Definition of contrast ratio

Contrast ratio(Cr) is defined mathematically by the following formula.

For more information see FIG.2.

Contrast ratio= <u>Luminance measured when LCD on the "White" state</u> Luminance measured when LCD on the "Black" state

Measured at the center area of the LCD

#### Note3.Definition of surface luminance

Surface luminance is the luminance with all pixels displaying white.

For more information see FIG.2.

Lv = Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels(P1,P2,P3, .....,Pn)

## Note4.Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity in surface luminance is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through n, and then dividing the maximum luminance of n points luminance by minimum luminance of n points luminance.For more information see FIG.2.

Minimum surface luminance with all white pixels (P1,P2,P3,.....,Pn) Yu =

Maximum surface luminance with all white pixels (P1,P2,P3,.....,Pn)

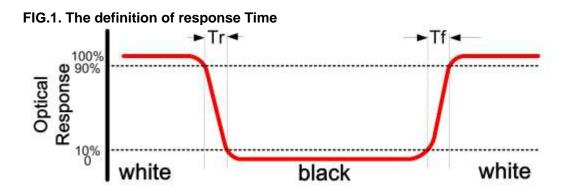
## Note5. Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)

CIE (x,y) chromaticity, The x,y value is determined by screen active area center position P5. For more information see FIG.2.

## Note6. Definition of viewing angle

Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG.3.

For viewing angle and response time testing, the testing data is base on Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope or DMS series Instruments or compatible. For contrast ratio, Surface Luminance, Luminance uniformity and CIE, the testing data is base on TOPCON's BM-5or BM-7 photo detector or compatible.



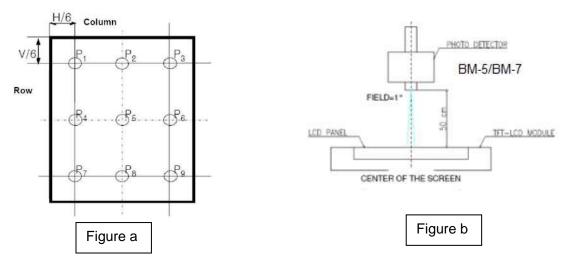
# FIG.2. Measuring method for contrast ratio, surface luminance, luminance uniformity, CIE (x,y) chromaticity

H,V : Active area

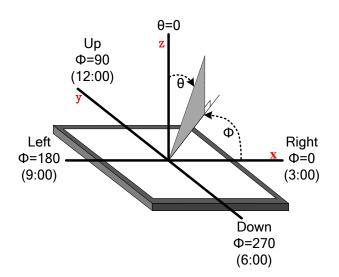
Light spot size  $\emptyset$ =1.5mm(BM-5) or  $\emptyset$ =7.7mm (BM-7)50cm distance or compatible distance from the LCM surface to detector lens.

Test spot position : see Figure a.

measurement instrument : TOPCON's luminance meter BM-5 or BM-7 or compatible ,see Figure b.



## FIG.3. The definition of viewing angle



# 8. INTERFACE DESCRIPTION

#### Module Interface description

Interface No.	Name	I/O or connect to	Description						
1	LEDK	Р	Powe	r for LE	D bac	klight(Cathode).			
2	LEDA	Р	Powe	r for LE	D bac	klight(Anode).			
3	GND	Р	Power Ground.						
4	IMO	I	IM2	IM1	IMO	MPU Interface Mode	Data pin		
5	IM1	1	0	0	0	80-8bit parallel I/F 80-16bit parallel I/F	DB[7:0] DB[15:0]		
-			0	1	0	80-9bit parallel I/F	DB[8:0]		
			0	1	1	80-18bit parallel I/F	DB[17:0],		
6	IM2					3-line 9bit serial I/F	SDA: in/out		
·			1	0	1	2 data lane serial I/F	SDA: in/out WRX: in		
			1	1	0	4-line 8bit serial I/F	SDA: in/out		
7	SDA	I/O	SPI d	ata inp	ut pin.				
8	DOTCLK	I	Dot cl	ock sig	ınal.				
9	DE	I	Data	enable					
10	VSYNC	I	Vertic	al sync	input				
11	HSYNC	I	Horizo	ontal sy	/nc inp	out			
12	VCC	Р	Powe	r suppl	у				
13	RESET	I	Reset	signal					
14	GND	Р	Powe	r Grou	nd.				
15-32	DB17-DB0	I/O	Data	bus (D	317C	0B0).			
33	RD	I	RGB	Interfa	ce.plea	ase fix this pin at VCC	or DGND.		
34	WR	I	RGB	Interfa	ce.plea	ase fix this pin at VCC	or GND.		
35	RS	I	RGB	Interfa	ce. ser	ial interface clock.			
36	CS	I	Chip	selectio	on pin.	Low enable.			
37	XR(NC)	/	/						
38	YD(NC)	/	/						
39	XL(NC)	/	/						
40	YU(NC)	/	/						

#### **CTP** interface description

Interface No.	Name	I/O or connect to	Description
1	RESET		Reset low
2	VDD	Р	Power Supply of CTP
3	GND	Р	Ground
4	INT	I	State change interrupt
5	SCL	I	Serial interface clock
6	SDA	I/O	Serial interface date

## 9. AC CHARACTERISTICS Display Parallel 18/16/9/8-bit Interface Timing Characteristics (8080)

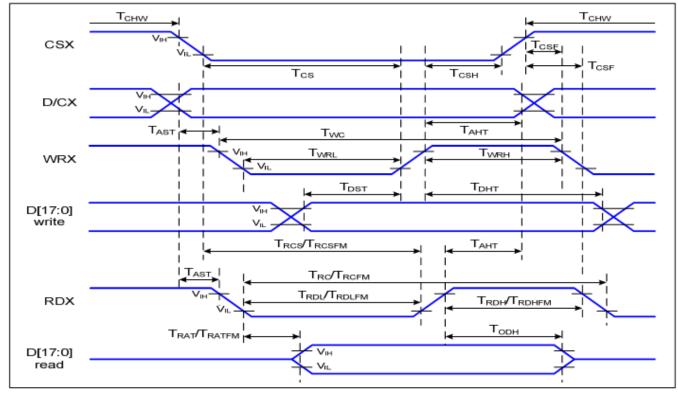


Figure 1 Parallel Interface Timing Characteristics (8080-Series MCU Interface)

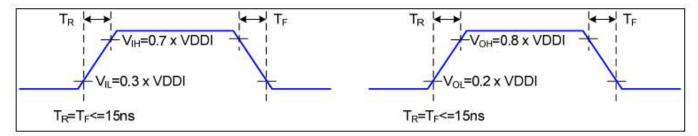


Figure 2 Rising and Falling Timing for I/O Signal

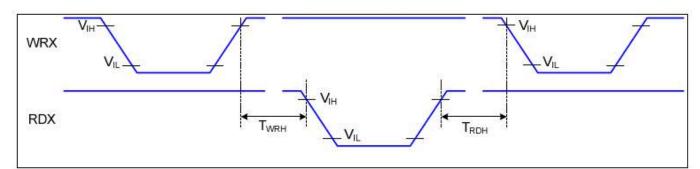
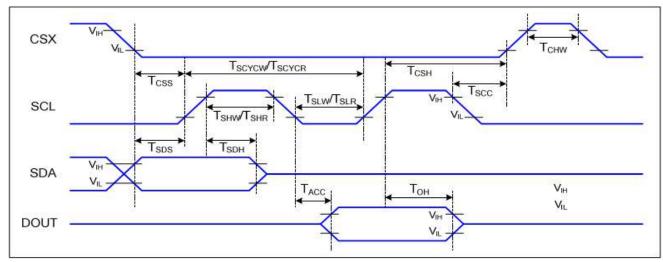


Figure 3 Write-to-Read and Read-to-Write Timing

Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Description
D/CX	T <sub>AST</sub>	Address setup time	0		ns	
DICA	T <sub>AHT</sub>	Address hold time (Write/Read)	10		ns	
	T <sub>CHW</sub>	Chip select "H" pulse width	0		ns	
	T <sub>CS</sub>	Chip select setup time (Write)	15		ns	
CSX	T <sub>RCS</sub>	Chip select setup time (Read ID)	45		ns	-
COA	T <sub>RCSFM</sub>	Chip select setup time (Read FM)	355		ns	
	T <sub>CSF</sub>	Chip select wait time (Write/Read)	10		ns	
	T <sub>CSH</sub>	Chip select hold time	10		ns	
	T <sub>wc</sub>	Write cycle	66		ns	
WRX	T <sub>WRH</sub>	Control pulse "H" duration	15		ns	
	T <sub>WRL</sub>	Control pulse "L" duration	15		ns	
	T <sub>RC</sub>	Read cycle (ID)	160		ns	8
RDX (ID)	T <sub>RDH</sub>	Control pulse "H" duration (ID)	90		ns	When read ID data
	T <sub>RDL</sub>	Control pulse "L" duration (ID)	45		ns	
RDX	T <sub>RCFM</sub>	Read cycle (FM)	450		ns	When read from
(FM)	T <sub>RDHFM</sub>	Control pulse "H" duration (FM)	90		ns	frame memory
(i M)	T <sub>RDLFM</sub>	Control pulse "L" duration (FM)	355		ns	name memory
D[17:0]	T <sub>DST</sub>	Data setup time	10		ns	For CL=30pF
	T <sub>DHT</sub>	Data hold time	10		ns	
Γ	T <sub>RAT</sub>	Read access time (ID)		40	ns	]
	TRATFM	Read access time (FM)		340	ns	]
Γ	T <sub>ODH</sub>	Output disable time	20	80	ns	

# Display Serial Interface Timing Characteristics (3-line SPI system)



## Figure 4 3-line serial Interface Timing Characteristics

VDDI=1.65 to	3.3V,	VDD=2.4	to 3.3V,	AGND=DGND=	0V, Ta=-30 to 70 (	2
						-

Signal	Signal Symbol Parameter		Min	Max	Unit	Description
	T <sub>CSS</sub>	Chip select setup time (write)	15		ns	
	T <sub>CSH</sub>	Chip select hold time (write)	15		ns	
CSX	T <sub>CSS</sub>	Chip select setup time (read)	60		ns	
	T <sub>SCC</sub>	Chip select hold time (read)	65		ns	
	T <sub>CHW</sub>	Chip select "H" pulse width	40		ns	]
	T <sub>SCYCW</sub>	Serial clock cycle (Write)	66		ns	
	T <sub>SHW</sub>	SCL "H" pulse width (Write)	15		ns	
SCL	T <sub>SLW</sub>	SCL "L" pulse width (Write)	15		ns	
SUL	T <sub>SCYCR</sub>	Serial clock cycle (Read)	150		ns	
	T <sub>SHR</sub>	SCL "H" pulse width (Read)	60		ns	
	T <sub>SLR</sub> SC	SCL "L" pulse width (Read)	60		ns	
SDA	T <sub>SDS</sub>	Data setup time	10		ns	
(DIN)	T <sub>SDH</sub>	Data hold time	10		ns	1
DOUT	T <sub>ACC</sub>	Access time	10	50	ns	For maximum CL=30pF
DOUT	Тон	Output disable time	15	50	ns	For minimum CL=8pF

# Display Serial Interface Timing Characteristics (4-line SPI system)

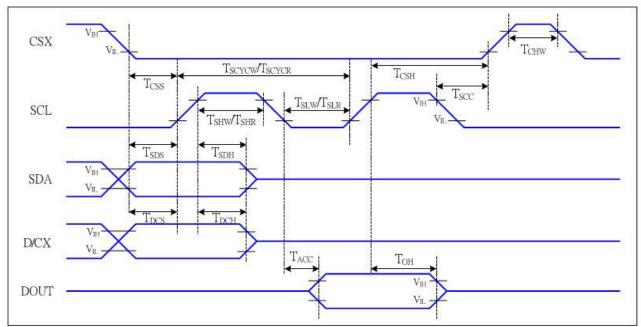
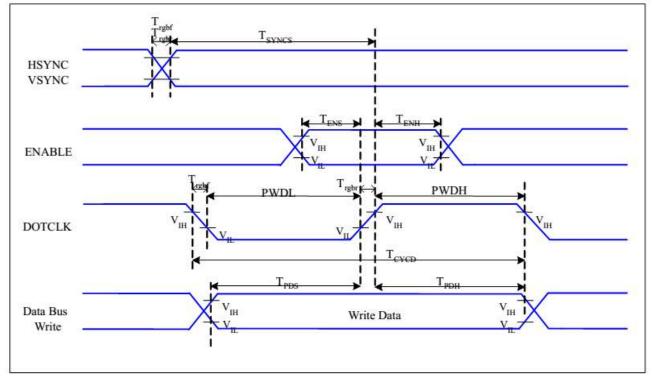


Figure 5 4-line serial Interface Timing Characteristics

Signal Symbol		Parameter	MIN	MAX	Unit	Description
	T <sub>CSS</sub>	Chip select setup time (write)	15		ns	
	T <sub>CSH</sub>	Chip select hold time (write)	15	1	ns	
CSX	T <sub>CSS</sub>	Chip select setup time (read)	60		ns	
	T <sub>SCC</sub>	Chip select hold time (read)	65	3 (	ns	
	T <sub>CHW</sub>	Chip select "H" pulse width	40		ns	
	T <sub>SCYCW</sub>	Serial clock cycle (Write)	66		ns	
	T <sub>SHW</sub>	SCL "H" pulse width (Write)	15		ns	-write command & data
0.01	T <sub>SLW</sub>	SCL "L" pulse width (Write)	15		ns	ram
SCL	T <sub>SCYCR</sub>	Serial clock cycle (Read)	150		ns	
	T <sub>SHR</sub>	SCL "H" pulse width (Read)	60		ns	-read command & data
	T <sub>SLR</sub>	SCL "L" pulse width (Read)	60	50 V	ns	ram
DIOX	T <sub>DCS</sub>	D/CX setup time	10		ns	
D/CX	TDCH	D/CX hold time	10		ns	
SDA	T <sub>SDS</sub>	Data setup time	10		ns	
(DIN)	T <sub>SDH</sub>	Data hold time	10		ns	
DOUT	T <sub>ACC</sub>	Access time	10	50	ns	For maximum CL=30pF
DOUT	Тон	Output disable time	15	50	ns	For minimum CL=8pF

VDDI=1.65 to 3.3V, VDD=2.4 to 3.3V, AGND=DGND=0V, Ta=-30 to 70 °C

## **RGB Interface Characteristics**



## Figure 6 RGB Interface Timing Characteristics

VDDI=1.65 to 3.3V, VDD=2.4 to 3.3V, AGND=DGND=0V, Ta=-30 ~ 70 °C

Signal	Symbol Parameter		MIN	MAX	Unit	Description
HSYNC, VSYNC		VSYNC, HSYNC Setup Time	30	-	ns	
	T <sub>ENS</sub>	Enable Setup Time	25	121	ns	
ENABLE	T <sub>ENH</sub>	Enable Hold Time	25	-	ns	
	PWDH	DOTCLK High-level Pulse Width	60	( <b>=</b> )	ns	
DOTCLK	PWDL	DOTCLK Low-level Pulse Width	60		ns	
DUICLK	T <sub>CYCD</sub>	DOTCLK Cycle Time	120	•	ns	
	Trghr, Trghf	DOTCLK Rise/Fall time	-	20	ns	
DB	T <sub>PDS</sub>	PD Data Setup Time	50		ns	
DB	T <sub>PDH</sub>	PD Data Hold Time	50	-	ns	

## **CTP AC CHARACTERISTICS**

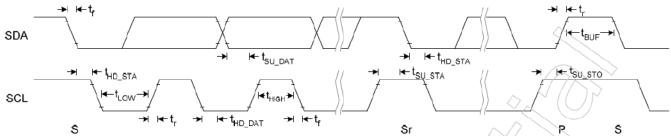


Figure 7 I2C Fast Mode Timing

Conditions: VDD = 3.3V	$GND = 0V T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C$
	, OND = 00, 1A = 200

Symbol	I Parameter		Rating	$\int$	Unit
Cynnoor			Тур.	Max.	•
f <sub>SCL</sub>	SCL clock frequency	0		400	kHz
t <sub>LOW</sub>	Low period of the SCL clock	1,3	JF	-	us
t <sub>HIGH</sub>	High period of the SCL clock	0.6	<b>D</b> -	-	us
t <sub>f</sub>	Signal falling time		-	300	ns
tr	Signal rising time		-	300	ns
t <sub>su_sta</sub>	Set up time for a repeated START condition	0.6	-	-	us
t <sub>hd_sta</sub>	Hold time (repeated) START condition. After this period, the first clock pulse is generated	0.6	-	-	us
t <sub>su dat</sub>	Data set up time	100	-	-	ns
t <sub>HD DAT</sub>	Data hold time	0	-	0.9	us
t <sub>su sto</sub>	Set up time for STOP condition	0.6	-	-	us
t <sub>BUF</sub>	Bus free time between a STOP and START condition	1.3	-	-	us
C <sub>b</sub>	Capacitive load for each bus line	-	-	400	pF

# **10. POWER SEQUENCE**

#### 10.1TFT Power On/Off Sequence

VDDI and VDD can be applied in any order.

VDD and VDDI can be power down in any order.

During power off, if LCD is in the Sleep Out mode, VDD and VDDI must be powered down minimum 120msec after RESX has been released.

During power off, if LCD is in the Sleep In mode, VDDI or VDD can be powered down minimum Omsec after

RESX has been released.

CSX can be applied at any timing or can be permanently grounded. RESX has priority over CSX.

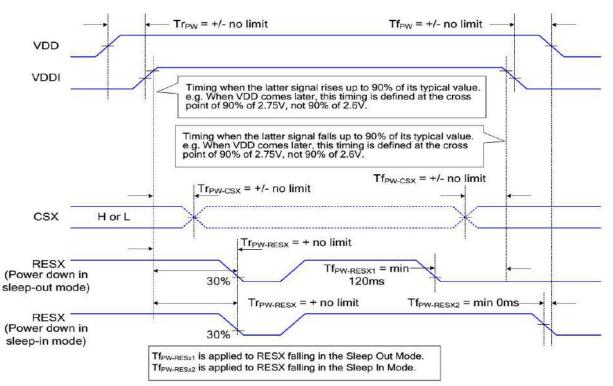
Note 1: There will be no damage to the display module if the power sequences are not met.

Note 2: There will be no abnormal visible effects on the display panel during the Power On/Off Sequences.

Note 3: There will be no abnormal visible effects on the display between end of Power On Sequence and before receiving Sleep Out command. Also between receiving Sleep In command and Power Off Sequence.

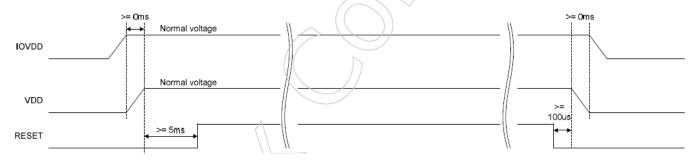
Note 4: If RESX line is not held stable by host during Power On Sequence as defined in the sequence below, then it will be necessary to apply a Hardware Reset (RESX) after Host Power On Sequence is complete to ensure correct operation. Otherwise function is not guaranteed.

The power on/off sequence is illustrated below



#### 10.2 CTP Power On/Off Sequence

RESET pin should be held low before power on and power off. During power on, after both VDD and IOVDD reach normal voltage, RESET pin needs to be held low for 5ms to ensure internal block stable.



No.	Test item	Test con	dition	Inspection after test
11.1	High temperature storage test	+80°C/240 hours		
11.2	Low temperature storage test	-30°C/240 hours		
11.3	High temperature operating test	+70°C/120 hours	+70°C/120 hours	
11.4	Low temperature operating test	-20°C/120 hours		Inspection after 2~4hours storage at
11.5	Temperature cycle storage test		-30°C ~ 25°C ~ +80°C/10cycles (30min.) (10min.) (30min.)	
11.6	High temperature high humidity test	+50°C*90% RH/120 hours		sample shall be free from defects : 1.Current changing
11.7	Vibration test	Frequency : 250 r/min Amplitude : 1 inch Time: 45min		value before test and after test is 50% larger; 2. Function defect :
		Drop direction: 1 corner/3 edges/6 sides 10 time		<ul> <li>Non-display,abnormal-d isplay,missing lines,</li> <li>Short lines,ITO</li> </ul>
		Packing weight(kg)	Drop height(cm)	corrosion;
11.8	Drop test	<11	80±1.6	3.Visual defect : Air bubble in the LCD,Seal
11.0		11≦G<21	60±1.2	leak,Glass crack.
		21≦G<31	50±1.0	
		31≦G<40	40±0.8	
11.9	ESD test	Air discharge: ±8KV, 10time Contact discharge: ±4KV, 10time		

# **11. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITIONS**

Remark :

1. The test samples should be applied to only one test item.

2.Sample size for each test item is 3~5pcs.

3.For High temperature high humidity test, Pure water(Resistance>10M $\Omega$ ) should be used.

4.In case of malfunction defect caused by ESD damage, if it would be recovered to normal state after resetting, it would be judged as a good part.

5.B/L evaluation should be excepted from reliability test with humidity and temperature: Some defects such as black spot/blemish can happen by natural chemical reaction with humidity and Fluorescence B/L has.

6.Failure judgment criterion: Basic specification, Electrical characteristic, Mechanical characteristic, Optical characteristic.

7.After the reliability test, the product only guarantees operation, but don't guarantee all of the cosmetic specification.

# **12.INSPECTION CRITERION**

Refer to Quality standards at the back of the specification

## **13. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS**

## 13.1 Mounting method

The LCD module consists of two thin glass plates with polarizes which easily be damaged. And since the module in so constructed as to be fixed by utilizing fitting holes in the printed circuit board.

Extreme care should be needed when handling the LCD modules.

## 13.2 Caution of LCD handling and cleaning

When cleaning the display surface, Use soft cloth with solvent

[recommended below] and wipe lightly :

- •.lsopropyl alcohol
- Ethyl alcohol

Do not wipe the display surface with dry or hard materials that will damage the polarizer surface. Do not use the following solvent :

•.Water

•.Aromatics

Do not wipe ITO pad area with the dry or hard materials that will damage the ITO patterns Do not use the following solvent on the pad or prevent it from being contaminated :

Soldering flux

•.Chlorine (CI) , Sulfur (S)

If goods were sent without being silicon coated on the pad, ITO patterns could be damaged due to the corrosion as time goes on.

If ITO corrosion happen by miss-handling or using some materials such as Chlorine (CI), Sulfur (S) from customer, Responsibility is on customer.

## 13.3 Caution against static charge

The LCD module use C-MOS LSI drivers, so we recommended that you :

Connect any unused input terminal to Vdd or Vss, do not input any signals before power is turned on, and ground your body, work/assembly areas, assembly equipment to protect against static electricity.

#### 13.4 Packing

Module employ LCD elements and must be treated as such.

• Avoid intense shock and falls from a height.

•. To prevent modules from degradation, do not operate or store them exposed direct to sunshine or high temperature/humidity.

## 13.5 Caution for operation

•. It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage then the limit cause the shorter LCD life.

•. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current drive should be avoided.

•.Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature then the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's how dark color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction or out of order with LCD's, which will come back in the specified operation temperature.

•. If the display area is pushed hard during operation, some font will be abnormally displayed but it resumes normal condition after turning off once.

•.A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit.

•.Usage under the maximum operating temperature, 50%Rh or less is required.

•.When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.

## 13.6 Storage

In the case of storing for a long period of time for instance, for years for the purpose or replacement use, the following ways are recommended.

•.Storing in an ambient temperature 10°C to 30°C, and in a relative humidity of 45% to 75%. Don't expose to sunlight or fluorescent light.

•.Storing in a polyethylene bag with the opening sealed so as not to enter fresh air outside in it . And with no desiccant.

•.Placing in a dark place where neither exposure to direct sunlight nor light's keeping the storage temperature range.

•.Storing with no touch on polarizer surface by the anything else.

It is recommended to store them as they have been contained in the inner container at the time of delivery from us.

## 13.7 Safety

•.It is recommendable to crash damaged or unnecessary LCD's into pieces and wash off liquid crystal by

either of solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should be burned up later.

•. When any liquid leaked out of a damaged glass cell comes in contact with your hands, please wash it off well with soap and water.

# **14. PRECAUTION FOR USE**

**14.1** A limit sample should be provided by the both parties on an occasion when the both parties agreed its necessity. Judgment by a limit sample shall take effect after the limit sample has been established and confirmed by the both parties.

**14.2** On the following occasions, the handing of problem should be decided through discussion and agreement between responsible of the both parties.

•.When a question is arisen in this specification.

•.When a new problem is arisen which is not specified in this specifications.

•.When an inspection specifications change or operating condition change in customer is reported to ODNA, and some problem is arisen in this specification due to the change.

•.When a new problem is arisen at the customer's operating set for sample evaluation in the customer site.

## **15. PACKING SPECIFICATION**

Please consult our technical department for detail information.

## **16. INITIALIZATION CODE**

Write(Command, 0x11);

Write(Command, 0x1	1);
Delay(120);	
Write(Command , 0x36);	
Write(Parameter, 0x00);	
Write(Command, 0x3A);	
Write(Parameter, 0x06);	
Write(Command , 0xB2);	
Write(Parameter , 0x0C);	
Write(Parameter , 0x0C);	
Write(Parameter , 0x00);	
Write(Parameter , 0x33);	
Write(Parameter, 0x33);	
Write(Command, 0xB7);	
,.	//ugh 12.06 ugl 10.5
Write(Parameter, 0x35);	//vgh=13.26 vgl=-12.5
Write(Command, 0xBB);	
Write(Parameter, 0x36);	
Write(Command, 0xC0);	
Write(Parameter, 0x2C);	
Write(Command, 0xC2);	
Write(Parameter, 0x01);	
Write(Command , 0xC3);	
Write(Parameter, 0x10);	
Write(Command , 0xC4);	
Write(Parameter , 0x20);	
Write(Command , 0xC6);	
Write(Parameter , 0x0F);	//60hz
Write(Command , 0xD0);	
Write(Parameter, 0xA4);	
Write(Parameter, 0xA1);	
Write(Command, 0xE0);	
Write(Parameter, 0xD0);	
Write(Parameter, 0x07);	
Write(Parameter, 0x0B);	
Write(Parameter, 0x09);	
Write(Parameter, 0x07);	
Write(Parameter, 0x23);	
Write (Parameter, 0x24);	
Write (Parameter, 0x44);	
Write(Parameter, 0x3C);	
Write(Parameter , 0x07);	
Write(Parameter , 0x0D);	
Write(Parameter , 0x11);	
Write(Parameter , 0x28);	
Write(Parameter , 0x29);	
Write(Command, 0xE1);	
······(·······, ······),	

Write(Parameter, 0xD0); Write(Parameter, 0x08); Write(Parameter, 0x09); Write(Parameter, 0x09); Write(Parameter, 0x07); Write(Parameter, 0x24); Write (Parameter, 0x25); Write (Parameter, 0x54); Write(Parameter, 0x3B); Write(Parameter, 0x07); Write(Parameter, 0x0C); Write(Parameter, 0x0E); Write(Parameter, 0x28); Write(Parameter, 0x2F); Write (Command, 0x21); Write(Command, 0x29);

## **16.HSF COMPLIANCE**

•.This products complies with ROHS 2011/65/EU and 2015/863/EU、REACH 1907/2006/EC requirements, and the packaging complies with 94-62-EC.